

2023

Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Borough of Leesport

We're pleased to present the year 2023 *Quality on Tap Report* to you. This *Report* is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water.

Sources of Water:

Our water sources consist of three (3) groundwater wells, one (1) located within Leesport Borough and two (2) others which are located east of the Borough in Ontelaunee Township.

Need More Information?

If you have any questions about this Report or concerning your water utility, please contact:

Borough of Leesport
Sandra Weiser-Pascavage
Borough Manager

27 South Canal Street
Leesport, PA 19533
(610) 926-2115

Public Water Supply Identification
(PWSID) Number is 3060047

We want our valued customers to be informed about their Water Utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the third Wednesday of every month at 6:00 p.m. at the Leesport Borough Hall located at 27 South Canal Street.

We look forward to continuing to serve the residents and businesses of our community.



Know the Health Risks

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by contaminants that are naturally occurring or manmade. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants.

The sources of drinking water (both tap and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring materials and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity. Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations and wildlife.
- Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining or farming.
- Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff and residential uses.
- Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are byproducts of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff and septic systems.
- Radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, the EPA and DEP prescribe regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. Food and Drug Administration and DEP regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791 or visiting the EPA Office of Water website at www.epa.gov/OGWDW. MCLs are set at very stringent levels for health effects.

Unregulated contaminants are those for which EPA has not established drinking water standards. The purpose of unregulated contaminant monitoring is to assist EPA in determining the occurrence of unregulated contaminants in drinking water and whether future regulation is warranted.

To understand the possible health effects described for many regulated constituents, a person would have to drink 2 liters of water every day at the MCL level for a lifetime to have a one-in-a-million chance of having the described health effect.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. The Borough of Leesport is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>.



Impurities Detected by the Borough of Leesport

The Borough of Leesport routinely monitors for constituents in your drinking water according to federal and state laws. This table shows monitoring results for the period of January 1 to December 31, 2023.

This table shows only the contaminants that were detected and the levels at which they were detected. We're proud that our drinking water quality meets or exceeds Federal and State requirements.

In 2023, we received a reporting error violation for the Groundwater Rule at one of the system entry points. This has since been resolved, and we are now in full compliance with the PADEP.

Chemical Contaminants								
Contaminant	MCL in CCR Units	MCLG	Highest Level Detected	Range of Detections	Units	Sample Date	Violation Y/N	Sources of Contamination
Calcium	n/a	n/a	63.0	63.0	ppm	2019	N	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
Chlorine	MRDL=4	4 ⁽¹⁾	1.4	0.86 - 1.36	ppm	2023	N	Water additive used to control microbes.
Magnesium	n/a	n/a	15.3	15.3	ppm	2019	N	Runoff from fertilizer use.
Nitrate	10	10	5.5	1.6 - 5.5	ppm	2023	N	Runoff from fertilizer use.
Radium-226 & 228	5	0	1.0	1.0	pCi/l	2021	N	Erosion of natural deposits.
Haloacetic Acids (HAA5)	60	n/a	5.2 (2)	1.2 - 9.2	ppb	2023	N	By-product of drinking water disinfection
TTHM's	80	n/a	16.5 (2)	4.8 - 28	ppb	2023	N	By-product of drinking water disinfection

(1) MRDLG

(2) Highest Running Annual Average

Lead and Copper (2022)							
Contaminant	Action Level (AL)	MCLG	90th Percentile Value	Units	# of Sites Above AL of Total Sites	Violation Y/N	Sources of Contamination
Lead	15	0	9.5	ppb	1 of 11	N	Corrosion of household plumbing.
Copper	1.3	1.3	0.158	ppm	0 of 11	N	Corrosion of household plumbing.

Entry Point Disinfectant Residual							
Contaminant	Min. Required Disinfectant Residual	Lowest Level Detected	Range of Detections	Units	Sample Date⁽¹⁾	Violation Y/N	Sources of Contamination
Chlorine-EP 103	0.70	0.90	0.90 – 2.6	ppm	6/12/2023	N	Water additive used to control microbes.
Chlorine-EP 104	0.60	0.85	0.85 – 2.13	ppm	3/8/2023	N	Water additive used to control microbes
Chlorine-EP 105	0.70	0.84	0.84 – 3.08	ppm	5/1/2023	N	Water additive used to control microbes

(1) Sample date shown reflects date of lowest level detected.

Definitions

In the tables in this report you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level (AL)

The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

MCL - Maximum Contaminant Level

The "Maximum Allowed" is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

mg/l - Milligrams per liter or Parts per million (ppm)

One milligram per liter or one part per million (ppm) corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

MCLG - Maximum Contaminant Level Goal

The "Goal" is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

MRDL - Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level

The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

MRDLG - Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal

The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contamination.

pCi/l - Picocuries per liter

Picocuries per liter is a measure of the radioactivity in water.

ug/l - Micrograms per liter

One microgram per liter corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

Level 1 Assessment

A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system.

Level 2 Assessment

A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an *E. coli* MCL violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple occasions.

Treatment Technique (TT)

A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

We at the Borough of Leesport work around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

Thank you for allowing us to continue providing your family with clean, quality water this year. In order to maintain a safe and dependable water supply, we sometimes need to make improvements that will benefit all of our customers. These improvements are sometimes reflected as rate structure adjustments. Thank you for understanding.

Este informe contiene información importante acerca de su agua potable. Haga que alguien lo traduzca para usted, ó hable con alguien que lo entienda. (This report contains important information about your drinking water. Have someone translate it for you, or speak with someone who understands it.)



Undetected Impurities Tested for by the Borough of Leesport

Synthetic Organic Chemicals	Volatile Organic Chemicals	Inorganic Chemicals (2021)
1,2 dibromo, 3-chloroprop	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	Antimony
2,3,7,8-tcdd (Dioxin)	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	Arsenic
2,4 - D	1,1-Dichloroethylene	Asbestos
2,4,5 - TP Silvex	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	Barium
Alachlor	1,2-Dichloroethane	Beryllium
Atrazine	1,2-Dichloropropane	Cadmium
Benzo(a)pyrene	Benzene	Chromium
Carbofuran	Carbon tetrachloride	Cyanide (Free)
Chlorodane	Chlorobenzene	Fluoride
Dalphon	cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	Mercury
Di (2-ethylhexyl) adipate	Dichloromethane	Nickel
Di (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	Ethylbenzene	Nitrite (2023)
Dinoseb	Methyl-Tert-Butyl-Ether (MTBE) (2017)	Selenium
Diquat	o-Dichlorobenzene	Thallium
Endothall	para-Dichlorobenzene	
Endrin	Styrene	
Ethylene Dibromide (EDB)	Tetrachloroethylene	
Glyphosate	Toluene	
Heptachlor	trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	Radiologicals (2021)
Heptachlor Epoxide	Trichloroethylene	Combined Uranium
Hexachlorobenzene	Vinyl chloride	Gross Alpha
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	Xylenes (Total)	
Lindane		Microbiological Contaminants
	Disinfectant By-Products	Total Coliforms
Methoxychlor	Monobromoacetic Acid	
Oxymal (Vydate)	Monochloroacetic Acid	
PCBs		
Pentachlorophenol		
Piclorem		
Simazine		
Toxaphene		

Notes: *Contaminants in Italics Not Regulated by EPA.*
 Not all contaminants are sampled for every year, according to DEP regulations. Those contaminants not sampled for in 2023 are noted with the last year of sampling.